SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ronsonol - Lighter fluid

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of t	he substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	no outouriormitario ana or no oompanyanaonaning
Product name	Ronsonol - Lighter fluid
Chemical name	Aliphatic hydrocarbon,Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics
Container size	133mL
REACH registration number	01-2119473851-33-0000
CAS number	64742-49-0
EU index number	649-328-00-1
EC number	920-750-0
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	Petroleum lighter refill
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are identified.
1.3. Details of the supplier of t	he safety data sheet
Supplier	Aerosol Ltd Unit E2 Haydock cross industrial Estate Killbuck lane wa11 9ux 01942271999
Contact person	Adam@aerosolltd.co.uk
1.4. Emergency telephone nu	mber
Emergency telephone	+44 (0)1942 271999 (Mon-Fri 08:00-17:00)
SECTION 2: Hazards identific	ation
2.1. Classification of the subst	ance or mixture
Classification (EC 1272/2008)	
Physical hazards	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225
Health hazards	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H335 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411
2.2. Label elements	000 750 0
EC number	920-750-0
Pictogram	
Signal word	Danger

Hazard statements	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	 P102 Keep out of reach of children. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell. P331 Do NOT induce vomiting. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local regulations.
Supplementary precautionary statements	 P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment. P242 Use non-sparking tools. P243 Take action to prevent static discharges. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish. P391 Collect spillage. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.

2.3. Other hazards

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients	
3.1. Substances	
Product name	Ronsonol - Lighter fluid
Chemical name	Aliphatic hydrocarbon, Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics
REACH registration number	01-2119473851-33-0000
EU index number	649-328-00-1
CAS number	64742-49-0
EC number	920-750-0
SECTION 4: First aid measures	

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	Rinse with water.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse with water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation of nose, throat and airway. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing.
Ingestion	May cause irritation. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.
Skin contact	Redness. Irritating to skin.
Eye contact	No specific symptoms known. May be slightly irritating to eyes.
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising from	om the substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Fire-water run-off in sewers may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	

Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

see Section 13.

Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills
	immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No
	smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Do not allow material to
	enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion. Absorb small quantities with paper towels
	and evaporate in a safe place. Once evaporation is complete, place paper in a suitable waste
	disposal container and seal securely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute
	the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the
	spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. The
	contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Label the
	containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon
	as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with
	a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see
	Section 13.
6.4. Reference to other section	ns
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health

hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal,

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Keep out of the reach of children. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
7.2. Conditions for safe stor	age, including any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage.
Storage class	Flammable liquid storage.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
SECTION 8: Exposure Cont	trols/personal protection
8.1. Control parameters	· ·
Occupational exposure limit	e
	≝ -hour TWA): WEL 1200 mg/m³
WEL = Workplace Exposure	
DNEL	Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 773 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 2035 mg/m³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 699 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 608 mg/m³
8.2. Exposure controls	
Protective equipment	
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation.
Eye/face protection	Avoid contact with eyes. Large Spillages: Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible.
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Hygiene measures	Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Respiratory protection	No specific recommendations. Provide adequate ventilation. Large Spillages: If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties	
Appearance	Clear, yellowish liquid.
Colour	Colourless to pale yellow.
Odour	Characteristic.
рН	No information available.
Melting point	<-20°C
Initial boiling point and range	90 - 165°C @ 760 mm Hg
Flash point	2°C Closed cup.
Evaporation rate	No information available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No information available.
Vapour pressure	No information available.
Vapour density	No information available.
Relative density	0.71 - 0.78 @ 20°C
Solubility(ies)	No information available.
Partition coefficient	No information available.
Auto-ignition temperature	260°C
Decomposition Temperature	No information available.
Viscosity	0.55 cSt @ 40°C
Explosive properties	No information available.
Oxidising properties	Not available.
9.2. Other information	
Other information	No information required.
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity	
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Oxidising materials. Acids - oxidising.	
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	n products	
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological inf	formation	
11.1. Information on toxicologic	cal effects	
Acute toxicity - oral		
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD₅o)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute toxicity - inhalation Acute toxicity inhalation (LC50 vapours mg/l)	23.3	
Species	Rat	
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	23.3	
Skin corrosion/irritation Animal data	Irritating.	
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Respiratory sensitisation Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.	
Reproductive toxicity Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	

Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure
STOT - single exposure	STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
Target organs	Respiratory system, lungs
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard	Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Pneumonia may be the result if vomited material containing solvents reaches the lungs.
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation of nose, throat and airway. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing.
Ingestion	May cause irritation. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.
Skin contact	Redness. Irritating to skin.
Eye contact	No specific symptoms known.
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target organs	Respiratory system, lungs
Target organs SECTION 12: Ecological Infor	
SECTION 12: Ecological Infor	mation Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used.
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SECTION 12: Ecological Infor Ecotoxicity <u>12.1. Toxicity</u> Toxicity Acute aquatic toxicity	mation Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used. Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
SECTION 12: Ecological Infor Ecotoxicity <u>12.1. Toxicity</u> Toxicity <u>Acute aquatic toxicity</u> Acute toxicity - fish	mation Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used. Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. LC50, 96 hours: 3 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
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SECTION 12: Ecological Infor Ecotoxicity <u>12.1. Toxicity</u> Toxicity <u>Acute aquatic toxicity</u> Acute toxicity - fish Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	mation Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used. Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. LC50, 96 hours: 3 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
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SECTION 12: Ecological Information Ecotoxicity 12.1. Toxicity Toxicity Acute aquatic toxicity Acute aquatic toxicity Acute toxicity - fish Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates Acute toxicity - aquatic plants Chronic aquatic toxicity Chronic toxicity - fish early life	mation Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used. Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. LC ₅₀ , 96 hours: 3 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) EC ₅₀ , 48 hours: 4.6 mg/l, Daphnia magna EC ₅₀ , 72 hours: >10 mg/l, Algae
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SECTION 12: Ecological Information Ecotoxicity 12.1. Toxicity Toxicity Toxicity Acute aquatic toxicity Acute toxicity - fish Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates Acute toxicity - aquatic plants Chronic aquatic toxicity Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates 12.2. Persistence and degradate	mation Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used. Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. LC ₅₀ , 96 hours: 3 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) EC ₅₀ , 48 hours: 4.6 mg/l, Daphnia magna EC ₅₀ , 72 hours: >10 mg/l, Algae NOEC, 28 days: 0.574 mg/l, NOEC, 21 days: 1 mg/l, Daphnia magna
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Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
Partition coefficient	No information available.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Mobility	No data available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvE	3 assessment
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
12.6. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	None known.
SECTION 13: Disposal conside	erations
13.1. Waste treatment method	<u>S</u>
General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.
Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation
General	For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data shown in this section.
14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	3295
UN No. (IMDG)	3295
UN No. (ICAO)	3295
UN No. (ADN)	3295
14.2. UN proper shipping name	8
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	- HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
Proper shipping name (ADN)	HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	us)
ADR/RID class	3
ADR/RID classification code	F1
ADR/RID label	3
IMDG class	3
ICAO class/division	3

ADN class



14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	Ш
IMDG packing group	Ш
ADN packing group	Ш
ICAO packing group	III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

3

14.6. Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS	F-E, S-D
ADR transport category	3
Emergency Action Code	3Y
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	30
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).
The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment
Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.
Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18
December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of
Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16
December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	 ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)
General information	This product is considered to be a small package and is labelled according to the relevant provisions of the legislation.
Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	Asp. Tox. 1 - H304: STOT SE 3 - H335: Skin Irrit. 2 - H315: : Expert judgement. Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411: : Expert judgement. Flam. Liq. 2 - H225: : Expert judgement.
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations.
Revision date	19/01/2018
Revision	1
SDS number	4851
Hazard statements in full	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.